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4

APPLICATION NO.		FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.	
10/685,954		10/15/2003	Todd M. Wenger	H1799-00180	7947	
8933	7590	05/12/2006		EXAMINER		
DUANE M IP DEPART	,	LLP	FORD, JOHN K			
30 SOUTH		REET		ART UNIT PAPER NUMBER		
PHILADEL	PHIA, P.	A 19103-4196	3753			
				DATE MAILED: 05/12/2006	5 .	

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

	Application No.	Applicant(s)					
Office Action Comme	10/685,954	WENGER, TODD	WENGER, TODD M.				
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit					
	John K. Ford	3753					
The MAILING DATE of this communication app Period for Reply	pears on the cover sheet with	h the correspondence ad	dress				
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY WHICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING DATE - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.11 after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.  If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period versions after the reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	ATE OF THIS COMMUNIC 36(a). In no event, however, may a re vill apply and will expire SIX (6) MONT , cause the application to become ABA	ATION. ply be timely filed  HS from the mailing date of this or NDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133).					
Status							
1) Responsive to communication(s) filed on							
·— · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	_· action is non-final.						
3) Since this application is in condition for allowar		rs, prosecution as to the	e merits is				
•	closed in accordance with the practice under Ex parte Quayle, 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.						
·	•	•					
Disposition of Claims							
4) Claim(s) 1-14 is/are pending in the application.							
,	4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdrawn from consideration.						
5) Claim(s) is/are allowed.							
	Claim(s) 1-14 is/are rejected.						
/) Claim(s) Is/are objected to.	☐ Claim(s) is/are objected to. ☑ Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/or election requirement.						
8) Claim(s) 1717 are subject to restriction and/o	r election requirement.						
Application Papers							
9) The specification is objected to by the Examine	er.						
10) ☑ The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) ☑ accepted or b) □ objected to by the Examiner.							
Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).							
Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction is required if the drawing(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).							
11)☐ The oath or declaration is objected to by the Ex	caminer. Note the attached	Office Action or form P7	TO-152.				
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119							
12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign	priority under 35 U.S.C. §	119(a)-(d) or (f).					
a) ☐ All b) ☐ Some * c) ☐ None of:	. ,						
1. Certified copies of the priority document	s have been received.						
2. Certified copies of the priority document		oplication No					
3. Copies of the certified copies of the prio			Stage				
application from the International Burea	u (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).						
* See the attached detailed Office action for a list	of the certified copies not r	received.					
Attachment(s)							
1) X Notice of References Cited (PTO-892)		ummary (PTO-413)					
2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948)  3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SB/08)  Paper No(s)/Mail Date  Notice of Informal Patent Application (PTO-152)							
Paper No(s)/Mail Date 112 0	6) Other:		J 102,				
S. Patent and Trademark Office							

This application contains claims directed to the following patentably distinct species:

first species of Figures 1-6a, second species of Figure 6b, third species of Figure 6c, fourth species of Figure 6d and fifth species of Figure 6e.

The species are independent or distinct because they have disclosed mutually exclusive characteristics that are claimed and are a burden to ferret out in the limited time allotted by the PTO for searching.

Applicant is required under 35 U.S.C. 121 to elect a single disclosed species for prosecution on the merits to which the claims shall be restricted if no generic claim is finally held to be allowable. Currently, at least claim 1 appears to be generic.

Applicant is advised that a reply to this requirement must include an identification of the species that is elected consonant with this requirement, and a listing of all claims readable thereon, including any claims subsequently added. An argument that a claim is allowable or that all claims are generic is considered nonresponsive unless accompanied by an election.

Upon the allowance of a generic claim, applicant will be entitled to consideration of claims to additional species which depend from or otherwise require all the limitations

of an allowable generic claim as provided by 37 CFR 1.141. If claims are added after the election, applicant must indicate which are readable upon the elected species.

MPEP § 809.02(a).

Applicant is advised that the reply to this requirement to be complete must include (i) an election of a species or invention to be examined even though the requirement be traversed (37 CFR 1.143) and (ii) identification of the claims encompassing the elected invention.

The election of an invention or species may be made with or without traverse. To reserve a right to petition, the election must be made with traverse. If the reply does not distinctly and specifically point out supposed errors in the restriction requirement, the election shall be treated as an election without traverse.

Should applicant traverse on the ground that the inventions or species are not patentably distinct, applicant should submit evidence or identify such evidence now of record showing the inventions or species to be obvious variants or clearly admit on the record that this is the case. In either instance, if the examiner finds one of the inventions unpatentable over the prior art, the evidence or admission may be used in a rejection under 35 U.S.C.103(a) of the other invention.

The following is a quotation of the second paragraph of 35 U.S.C. 112:

The specification shall conclude with one or more claims particularly pointing out and distinctly claiming the subject matter which the applicant regards as his invention.

Claims 6 and 9 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 112, second paragraph, as being indefinite for failing to particularly point out and distinctly claim the subject matter which applicant regards as the invention.

Page 4

It appears claim 6 should depend from claim 5, because that is where the antecedent language is found. In claim 9, the phrase "a chambers" is confusing. Are you claiming one chamber or more than one chamber. Make it clear.

The following is a quotation of the first paragraph of 35 U.S.C. 112:

The specification shall contain a written description of the invention, and of the manner and process of making and using it, in such full, clear, concise, and exact terms as to enable any person skilled in the art to which it pertains, or with which it is most nearly connected, to make and use the same and shall set forth the best mode contemplated by the inventor of carrying out his invention.

Claim 12 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 112, first paragraph, as failing to comply with the enablement requirement. The claim(s) contains subject matter which was not described in the specification in such a way as to enable one skilled in the art to which it pertains, or with which it is most nearly connected, to make and/or use the invention.

It is not understood in the specification or the claims how one should space the evaporation points to "complement" uneven ratings of the heat load. In general bigger chips produce more heat, but not always. How would the space between evaporation points be arranged when the smaller chip produces more heat? The specification gives no instructions - only what is shown in Figure 6b

(specification, page 19, lines 2-4) - appears to be the limits of this disclosure and it is entirely ambiguous what the spacing is supposed to be.

The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless -

(b) the invention was patented or described in a printed publication in this or a foreign country or in public use or on sale in this country, more than one year prior to the date of application for patent in the United States.

The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

(a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.

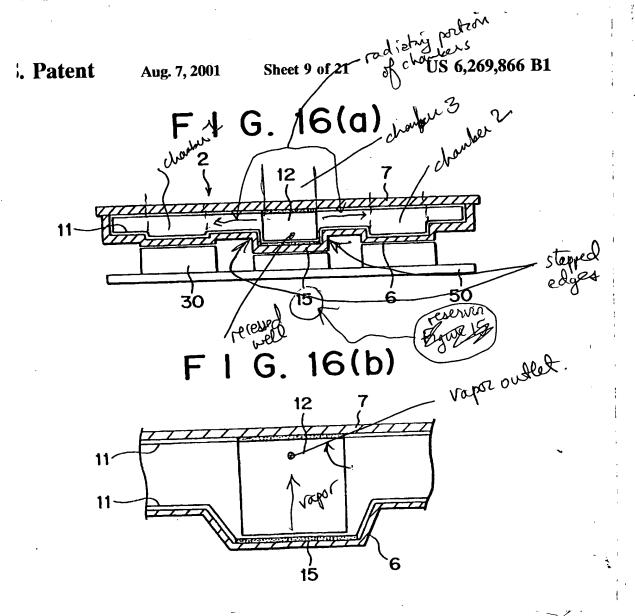
Claims 1-14 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(b) as anticipated by or, in the alternative, under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as obvious over Yamamoto et al (USP 6,269,866).

In particular regards to Figure 16, the central protrusion portion labeled 15 constitutes applicant's claimed "reservoir for the liquid phase." The wall area 6 above the two heat producing elements 30 on either side of the central protrusion portion 15 constitute applicant's "at least two spaced evaporation points." Regarding claim 4, see wicking material 11

Regarding claim 9, since a chamber, by definition, is simply an open space, for purposes of rejection the vertically projected area above each of the right-most, middle

Art Unit: 3753

and left-most heat producers 30 is deemed to be a chamber that radiates from the recessed well 15. Regarding claim 10, the chambers discussed immediately above being of different vertical depths are asymmetrically arranged relative to one another. Regarding claims 11-12, in col. 18, lines 55-60, Yamamoto discloses 100 Watt and 5 Watt heat loads. The 100 Watt heat load is located under the central recess portion. For claim 13, see Figure 27b, and for purposes of rejection, one chamber is defined over both 15e and 15d, absent any precise limitation in the claims as to what constitutes a chamber. See diagram below.



Application/Control Number: 10/685,954

Art Unit: 3753

Any inquiry concerning this communication should be directed to John K. Ford at

telephone number 571-272-4911.

John K. Porti Primary Examiner Page 7